Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

(This safety data sheet is for information only as it does not comply with the official language requirements of Article 31 (5) of REACH nor does it provide the national information in sections 8 and 15 as specified in Annex II of REACH.)



TRIOLEATE DE GLYCEROL

Glyceroltrioleate

Version number: 1.0 First version: 2019-09-27

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance 1,2,3-propanetriyl trioleate

Trade name Glyceroltrioleate

Registration number (REACH) the substance is exempted from the obligation to

register

REACH regulation, Annex IV

EC number 204-534-7

CAS number 122-32-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Chemicals for various applications

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet : qualite@interchimie.fr, 01.64.77.76.27



e-mail (competent person)

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information

ORFILA +33 1 45 42 59 59

EU member state: en Page: 1 / 14

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Not required.

2.3 Other hazards

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance	1.2.3-propanetriyl trioleate
ivalle of substalice	1,2,3-0100011101111111111111111111111111111

Identifiers

 CAS No
 122-32-7

 EC No
 204-534-7

 Molecular formula
 C57H104O6

Molar mass 885.5 g/_{mol}

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Self-protection of the first aider.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

EU member state: en Page: 2 / 14

Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Notes for the doctor

None.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This information is not available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous decomposition products: Section 10.

Hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), pyrolysis products, toxic

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Keep containers cool with water spray.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Collect contaminated firefighting water separately.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133)

EU member state: en Page: 3 / 14

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Ventilate affected area.

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Remove from the water surface (e.g. skimming, sucking).

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage.

Absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust, etc.) (keep wetted with water)

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Personal protective equipment: see section 8.

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with eyes.

Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

ATTENTION: Contaminated organic solids (like textiles/paper) may ignite without an external source of ignition (self ignition). Wash contaminated material at once with plenty of water.

EU member state: en Page: 4 / 14

Do not mix with acids.

Do not mix with alkali.

Do not mix with oxidiser

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.

Wash hands after use.

Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammability hazards

Spontaneous ignition possible through auto-oxidation of cloths soaked in the product (keep wetted with water).

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, UV-radiation/sunlight, contact with air/oxygen

Consideration of other advice

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

Ventilation requirements

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

Keep in a cool place.

Packaging compatibilities

Keep only in original container.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

This information is not available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Use local and general ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection. (EN 166).

Hand protection

Protective gloves

Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material
CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber	≥ 0,5 mm	>30 minutes (permeation: level 2)
NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber	≥ 0,4 mm	>30 minutes (permeation: level 2)
PVC: polyvinyl chloride	≥ 0,5 mm	>30 minutes (permeation: level 2)

Wear suitable gloves.

Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Body protection

Protective clothing against liquid chemicals.

(EN 13832, EN 340, EN 14605).

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour clear - pale yellow

Odour characteristic

Melting point/freezing point <0 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling >350 °C

range

Flammability this material is combustible, but will not ignite

readily

Lower and upper explosion limit not determined

EU member state: en Page: 6 / 14

Flash point >300 °C

Auto-ignition temperature not determined

Decomposition temperature ~350 °C

pH (value) not determined

Kinematic viscosity not determined

Dynamic viscosity ~60 mPa s at 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility <0.05 ^{mg}/_l at 20 °C

not miscible in any proportion

(EU method A.6)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) 23

Vapour pressure <1 mbar at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density $0.9 - 0.925 \, {}^{g}/_{cm^3}$ at 20 °C

Relative vapour density this information is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant

(liquid)

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes

hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards):

not relevant

Other safety characteristics there is no additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. UV-radiation/sunlight.

Prevent from heating up above 100 °C.

In very fine distribution in contact with air, there may be a risk of self-ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

acids, bases, oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known.

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Acrolein may be formed at very high temperatures.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

This substance does not meet the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC.

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic (oral).

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic (dermal).

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	OECD Guideline 401	ECHA
dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat	OECD Guideline 402	ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

(ECHA, read-across)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

(ECHA, read-across)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

EU member state: en Page: 8 / 14

Respiratory sensitisation

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

(ECHA, OECD Guideline 474, expert judgement (weight of evidence determination))

Carcinogenicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

(ECHA, OECD Guideline 416)OECD Guideline 422,

expert judgement (weight of evidence determination))

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Chronic toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Source
oral	NOAEL	≥1,000 ^{mg} / _{kg bw} / day	rat	OECD Guideline 422	ECHA

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

EU member state: en Page: 9 / 14

Endpoint	Exposure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
EL50	48 h	>100 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ECHA
LC50	48 h	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	carp (cyprinus car- pio)	-	ECHA
ErC50	72 h	>5 ^{mg} / _l	algae (raphidocelis subcapitata)	-	ECHA

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Endpoint	Exposure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
NOELR	21 d	≥10 ^{mg} / _l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211	ЕСНА

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Process of degradability				
Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
carbon dioxide gener- ation	76.5 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 B	ECHA

Persistence

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

n-octanol/water (log KOW) 23 (ECHA)

12.4 Mobility in soil

The Organic Carbon normalised adsorption 13.7 **coefficient** (ECHA)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

EU member state: en Page: 10 / 14

Remarks

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK (water hazard class): Awg.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID numbe	14.1	UN nur	nber or	ID nu	mbei
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ADN UN9006
ADR/RID IMDG-Code -

ICAO-TI -

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LI-

QUID, N.O.S.

ADR/RID -

IMDG-Code -

ICAO-TI -

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADN 9

ADR/RID -

IMDG-Code -

ICAO-TI -

14.4 Packing group -

14.5 Environmental hazards environmentally hazardous (ADN)

14.6 Special precautions for user -

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO - instruments

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN) Additional information

Not subject to ADR.

Not subject to RID.

Is subject to the regulations of the ADN. (Dangerous only when carried in tanker vessels)

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (ADN) Additional information

Number of cones/blue lights

0

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) Additional information

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Not listed.

List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV) / SVHC - candidate list

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

Not assigned.

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

Not listed.

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not listed.

Regulation on drug precursors

Not listed.

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

Not listed.

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

Not listed.

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement con- cerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval

EU member state: en Page: 13 / 14

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOELR	No Observed Effect Loading Rate
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regula- tions concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN).

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).

Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Responsible for the safety data sheet

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Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

EU member state: en Page: 14 / 14